

## Positive Guidance.

- 1. When calling your child, use his name.
- 2. Get down to his eye level and touch him to gain his attention and to express affection/interest in his feelings.
- 3. Find something specific that's unique about your child and tell her everyday.
- 4. If your child wants you, look and listen.
- 5. Behaviour is often a form of communication. Try to provide a more appropriate way (i.e. a gesture sound, a word or a picture) to replace the behaviour.
- 6. Give your child a choice of activities when possible. (Develops self-esteem, feelings of responsibility).
- 7. Expectations need to be within the child's developmental level. Be consistent, clear and follow through with the direction.
- 8. Prevent problems by preparing your child ahead of time for transitions.
- 9. Ignore inappropriate behaviour when possible.
- 10. When possible, redirect the child to another, more appropriate, activity. (For example, if your ch is throwing blocks, redirect him to building a tower.)
- 11. Model the behaviour and play you want your child to imitate.
- 12. If you are upset, label the behaviour you want to stop, as well as the behaviour you would prefer (For example: "No balls in the kitchen. Play ball outside.")
- 13. Use logical consequences. This helps the child understand the results of the behaviour. (For example: If the child throws the toys, remove the toys for a while.)
- 14. Avoid linking affection/love with behavioural expectations.
- 15. Always praise your child for success.